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VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT

JUNE 30, 2025

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees
Victor Valley Community College District
Victorville, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and fiduciary activities of the Victor Valley Community College District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and fiduciary activities of the District as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, which required a restatement of net position as of July 1, 2024. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Required Supplementary Information section, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of the management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 5, 2026, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

 CWDL, Certified Public Accountants

San Diego, California

January 5, 2026

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2025**

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The purpose of this annual report is to provide readers with information about the activities, programs and financial condition of Victor Valley Community College District (the "District") as of June 30, 2025. The report consists of three basic financial statements: the Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and Statement of Cash Flows and provides information about the District as a whole. This section of the annual financial report presents management's discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2025. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

The District was established in 1961 and serves the County of San Bernardino and a small portion of the County of Los Angeles. Students in our college may complete the freshman and sophomore years of a baccalaureate degree and transfer to upper division study at a university, complete an associate degree or a certificate program and move directly into the workforce.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's financial statements are presented in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, and No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management Discussion and Analysis - for Public College and Universities*. The statements allow for the presentation of financial activity and results of operations which focuses on the District as a whole. The entity-wide financial statements present the overall results of operations whereby all of the District's activities are consolidated into one combined financial statement versus the traditional presentation by fund type. The focus of the Statement of Net Position is designed to be similar to the bottom line results of the District. This statement combines and consolidates current financial resources with capital assets and long- term liabilities. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position focuses on the costs of the District's operational activities with revenues and expenses categorized as operating and non-operating, and expenses are reported by natural classification. The Statement of Cash Flows provides an analysis of the sources and uses of cash within the operations of the District.

The California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office has recommended that all State community colleges follow the Business-Type Activity (BTA) model for financial statement reporting purposes.

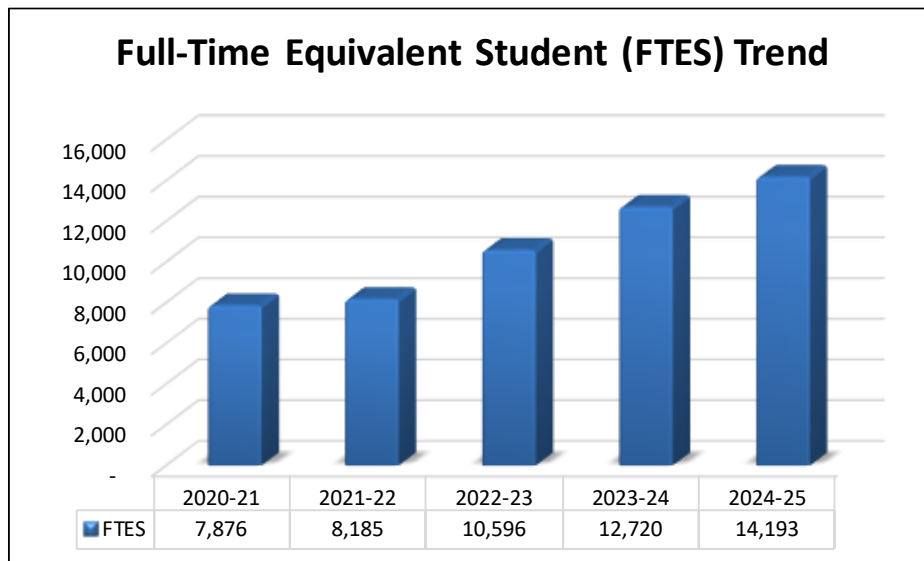
**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2025**

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

This section provides condensed information for each of the three basic financial statements, as well as illustrative charts and tables.

The District's Operating Revenue decrease reflected on page 8 was primarily due to a reduction in state and federal grants and contracts. This is mainly attributed to the expiration of Higher Education Emergency Response Funding (HEERF) that was issued to mitigate challenges of the COVID-19 pandemic. The college maintained its basic allocation as a mid-size college. The District grew in FTES from 23-24 levels of 12,720 to 24-25 levels of 14,193.

The District's primary funding is based upon an apportionment allocation made by the State of California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office. The primary basis for the Chancellor's apportionment calculation is the District's reporting of FTES. Below is the District's five-year trend for FTES:



Once the Chancellor's Office calculates the District's base apportionment, it reduces the net amount to be distributed by the amount of property taxes and enrollment fees expected to be paid directly to the District. The matrix below lists the three components and illustrates the net effect of the changes. Overall, total apportionment increased by \$12.4 million.

	2025	2024	Difference
Property tax	\$ 27,364,722	\$ 21,792,646	\$ 5,572,076
Tuition and fees	6,721,098	4,788,256	1,932,842
Apportionment	81,135,874	76,210,910	4,924,964
Total	\$ 115,221,694	\$ 102,791,812	\$ 12,429,882

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2025**

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS, continued

Selected Highlights

At June 30, 2025 the value of the District's Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) irrevocable trust was \$15.8 million, and the District's GASB Statement No. 75 OPEB liability is 114.0% funded according to the District's most recent actuarial valuation report.

Statement of Net Position

From the data presented, readers of the Statement of Net Position are able to determine the assets available to continue operations of the District. Readers are also able to determine how much the District owes vendors and employees. Finally, the Statement of Net Position provides a picture of the net assets and their availability for expenditure by the District.

The Statement of Net Position presents the assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net assets of the District as of the end of the fiscal year, and is prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting basis used by most private-sector organizations. The Statement of Net Position is a point in time financial statement whose purpose is to present to the readers a fiscal snapshot of the District.

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2025	2024	Change
Current assets	\$ 166,859,043	\$ 163,965,874	\$ 2,893,169
Non-current assets	187,492,664	190,620,177	(3,127,513)
Deferred outflows of resources	49,240,100	40,526,206	8,713,894
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	403,591,807	395,112,257	8,479,550
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Current liabilities	48,871,302	60,602,057	(11,730,755)
Non-current liabilities*	303,538,526	290,684,794	12,853,732
Deferred inflows of resources	10,349,984	11,258,912	(908,928)
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	362,759,812	362,545,763	214,049
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	(31,415,050)	(25,301,385)	(6,113,665)
Restricted	46,704,970	32,456,431	14,248,539
Unrestricted	24,025,755	25,411,448	(1,385,693)
Total Net Position	\$ 39,315,675	\$ 32,566,494	\$ 6,749,181

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2025**

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS, continued

Statement of Net Position, continued

The difference between total assets, deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, is one indicator of the current financial condition of the District; the change in net position is an indicator of whether the overall financial condition has improved or worsened during the year. The District's net position increased from last year by \$14.8 million for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Assets and liabilities are generally measured using current values. One notable exception is capital assets, which are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation.

The net position is divided into three major categories. The first category, *net investment in capital assets*, provides the equity amount in the property, plant, and equipment owned by the District. The second category, *expendable restricted net position*, are net position available for expenditure by the District, but must be spent for purposes as determined by external entities and/or donors that have placed time or purpose restrictions on the use of the assets. The final category is *unrestricted net position* that is available to the District for any lawful purpose of the District.

- Approximately 83.27% of the cash and investments balance is cash deposited in the San Bernardino County Treasury Pool. All funds are invested in accordance with Board Policy, which emphasizes prudence, safety, liquidity, and the return on investment. The Statement of Cash Flows contained within these financial statements provides greater detail regarding the sources and uses of cash.
- Capital assets had a net balance of \$181.5 million. Depreciation expense of \$7.1 million was recognized during 2024-25.
- Accounts payable and accrued expenses in the amount of \$15.1 million are amounts due as of the fiscal year-end for goods and services received as of June 30, 2025. Interest payable accruals total \$2.2 million. Other current liabilities in the amount of \$31.6 million related mainly to unearned revenues and the current portion of bonds payable, compensated absences, and capital leases; non-current liabilities in the amount of \$303.5 million include non-current portions for compensated absences, general obligation bonds, lease liabilities, the net OPEB liability and the aggregate net pension liability have been recognized for the year ended June 30, 2025.
- The District currently has \$229.1 million outstanding related to the issuance of general obligation debt. Additional information regarding long-term debt is included in the Long-Term Liabilities section of this management's discussion and analysis.
- As of June 30, 2025, the aggregate net pension liability was \$71.6 million.

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2025**

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS, continued

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Changes in total net position as presented in the Statement of Net Position are based on the activity presented in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The purpose of this statement is to present the operating and non-operating revenues earned, whether received or not by the District, the operating and non-operating expenses incurred, whether paid or not by the District, and any other revenues, expenses, gains and/or losses earned or incurred by the District. Thus, this Statement presents the District's results of operations.

	2025	2024	Change
OPERATING REVENUES			
Tuition and fees, net	\$ 6,721,098	\$ 4,788,256	\$ 1,932,842
Grants and contracts	34,129,506	31,392,472	2,737,034
Auxiliary enterprise sales, net	(12,888)	(12,952)	64
Total Operating Revenues	40,837,716	36,167,776	4,669,940
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries and benefits	104,968,832	98,189,654	6,779,178
Supplies, materials, and other operating expenses	32,517,170	28,335,098	4,182,072
Financial aid	61,500,169	56,328,571	5,171,598
Depreciation and amortization	8,564,409	6,692,199	1,872,210
Total Operating Expenses	207,550,580	189,545,522	18,005,058
Operating Loss	(166,712,864)	(153,377,746)	(13,335,118)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)			
State apportionments, non-capital	81,135,874	76,210,910	4,924,964
Local property taxes, non-capital	27,364,722	21,792,646	5,572,076
State taxes and other revenues, non-capital	11,419,258	7,025,764	4,393,494
Federal and State financial aid grants	51,181,328	45,417,660	5,763,668
Interest and investment income/(loss), non-capital	7,934,011	6,293,328	1,640,683
Other non-operating revenues	2,693,255	7,400,594	(4,707,339)
Total Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses)	181,728,448	164,140,902	17,587,546
OTHER REVENUES/(EXPENSES)			
Local property taxes and revenues, capital	8,854,390	12,695,120	(3,840,730)
Interest and investment income/(loss), capital	1,179,492	2,019,893	(840,401)
Interest expense, capital	(11,400,271)	(10,496,820)	(903,451)
Gain/(Loss) on disposal of assets	-	(4,678)	4,678
Total Other Revenues/(Expenses)	(1,366,389)	4,213,515	(5,579,904)
Change in Net Position	13,649,195	14,976,671	(1,327,476)
NET POSITION -- BEGINNING OF YEAR	32,566,494	15,924,164	16,642,330
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS (SEE NOTE 15)	(6,900,014)	(4,849,778)	(2,050,236)
NET POSITION -- END OF YEAR	\$ 39,315,675	\$ 26,051,057	\$ 13,264,618

The schedule above has been prepared from the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. State general apportionment, while budgeted for operations, is considered non-operating revenues, according to the GASB's prescribed reporting format.

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2025**

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS, continued

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, continued

Generally, operating revenues are earned for providing goods and services to the various customers and constituencies of the District. Operating expenses are those expenses incurred to acquire or produce the goods and services provided in return for operating revenues and to fulfill the mission of the District. Non-operating revenues are those received or pledged for which goods and services are not provided; for example, State appropriations are non-operating revenue because they are provided by the legislature to the District without the legislature directly receiving commensurate goods and services for those revenues.

- Tuition and fees are generated by the resident, non-resident, and foreign student fees paid by the students attending the District, including fees such as parking fees, community services classes, and other related fees.
- Non-capital grants and contracts are primarily those received from Federal and State sources used in the instructional and non-instruction programs of the District.
- State apportionment is generated based on the Student Centered Funding Formula (SCFF). The primary component for the SCFF for 2024-25 was workload measures reported to the State by the District. The District has experienced an increase in FTES in the 2024-25 fiscal year of 11.58%.
- Local property taxes are received through the Auditor-Controller's Office for San Bernardino and Los Angeles Counties. The amount received for property taxes is deducted from the total State general apportionment amount calculated by the State for the District.

Total operating expenses increased by \$16.5 million. The net increase is comprised of four parts:

1. Salaries and benefits increased by \$5.3 million;
2. Supplies, materials, and other operating expenses increased by \$4.2 million;
3. Payments to students increased by \$5.2 million.
4. Depreciation and amortization increased by \$1.9 million.

Operating expenses are 50.21% related to personnel costs. The balance of operating expenses is for supplies, materials, other operating expenses, financial aid, and depreciation and amortization expense.

Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about cash receipts and cash payments during the fiscal year. This statement also helps users assess the District's ability to generate positive cash flows, meet obligations as they come due, and the need for external financing.

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2025**

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS, continued

Statement of Cash Flows, continued

The Statement of Cash Flows is divided into four parts. The first part reflects operating cash flows and shows the net cash used by the operating activities of the District. The second part details cash received for non-operating, non-investing, and non-capital financing purposes. The third part shows cash flows from capital and related financing activities. This part deals with the cash used for the acquisition and construction of capital and related items. The fourth part provides information from investing activities and the amount of interest received. The last section reconciles the net cash used by operating activities to the operating loss reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

CASH PROVIDED BY/(USED IN)	2025	2024	Change
Operating activities	\$ (181,664,141)	\$ (161,764,168)	\$ (19,899,973)
Non-capital financing activities	173,752,167	158,196,993	15,555,174
Capital and related financing activities	(5,778,939)	(1,383,542)	(4,395,397)
Investing activities	28,470,476	6,034,322	22,436,154
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	14,779,563	1,083,605	13,695,958
CASH -- BEGINNING OF YEAR	117,262,377	116,178,772	1,083,605
CASH -- END OF YEAR	\$ 132,041,940	\$ 117,262,377	14,779,563

The primary operating activities contributing to cash flow are student tuition and fees, while the primary operating activity using cash flow throughout the year is the payment of salaries and benefits.

Even though State apportionment, property taxes, Federal, State, and local grants and contracts are the primary source of non-capital related revenue (and cash flow), GASB accounting standards require that these sources of revenue be shown as non-operating revenue, since they come from general resources of the Federal and State government and not from the primary users of the college's programs and services (students). The District depends upon this funding as the primary source of funds to continue the current level of operations.

Cash flow used in operating activities decreased by \$18.4 million during fiscal year 2024-25.

Local property tax revenue, State apportionments, and Federal and State financial aid grants account for approximately 91.90% of the non-capital financing activities.

The primary use included in capital and related financing activities is the proceeds from capital debt and the purchase of capital assets (building improvements, construction in progress, equipment, etc.).

Cash from investing activities is mainly interest earned on cash in bank and cash invested through the San Bernardino County Investment Pool and the Guaranteed Investment Contract (GIC) with American General Life Insurance Company.

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2025**

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS, continued

Functional Expenses Classification

In accordance with requirements set forth by the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office, the District reports operating expenses by object code. Operating expenses by functional classification are as follows:

	Salaries and Employee Benefits	Supplies, Materials, and Other Expenses and Services	Student Financial Aid	Depreciation and Amortization	Total
Instructional activities	\$ 53,407,396	\$ 8,357,693	\$ 4,843	\$ -	\$ 61,769,932
Academic support	8,047,298	835,582	35,703	-	8,918,583
Student services	20,749,188	2,113,088	11,275,288	-	34,137,564
Plant operations and maintenance	3,705,356	6,474,040	-	-	10,179,396
Instructional support services	12,462,757	12,526,925	18,162,210	-	43,151,892
Community services and economic development	1,635,580	535,841	83,419	-	2,254,840
Ancillary services and auxiliary operations	4,961,257	1,674,001	-	-	6,635,258
Student aid	-	-	31,938,706	-	31,938,706
Depreciation and amortization	-	-	-	8,564,409	8,564,409
Total	\$ 104,968,832	\$ 32,517,170	\$ 61,500,169	\$ 8,564,409	\$ 207,550,580

District's Fiduciary Responsibility

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain amounts held on behalf of District retirees. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because these assets cannot be used to finance operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2025, the District had total capital assets of \$283.7 million consisting of land, land improvements and building improvements, construction in progress, furniture and equipment.

These assets have accumulated depreciation of \$102.3 million.

Capital additions consist primarily of replacement, renovation, and new construction of facilities, as well as significant investments in equipment, including information technology. Current year additions were funded with a combination of special categorical, unrestricted general fund dollars, and capital outlay appropriations.

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2025**

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS, continued

Capital Assets, continued

Note 8 in the financial statements provides additional information on capital assets. A summary of capital assets is presented below.

	2025	2024	Change
Capital Assets not being depreciated	\$ 11,888,758	\$ 59,192,246	\$ (47,303,488)
Capital Assets being depreciated	271,835,831	222,619,252	49,216,579
Accumulated depreciation	(102,274,056)	(95,205,067)	(7,068,989)
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$ 181,450,533</u>	<u>\$ 186,606,431</u>	<u>\$ (5,155,898)</u>

Long-Term Liabilities

At June 30, 2025, the District had \$311.4 million in total long-term liabilities. The District was successful in passing a bond measure before the voters in November 2008. The general obligation bond was used in part to retire the outstanding certificates of participation debt.

Notes 9-10 and Note 12 of the financial statements provides additional information on long- term liabilities. A summary of long- term liabilities is presented below.

	2025	2024	Change
General obligation bonds and bond premium	\$ 229,098,606	\$ 229,975,582	\$ (876,976)
Lease liability	2,106,592	1,665,642	440,950
Software lease liability	1,189,547	1,827,085	(637,538)
Compensated absences	9,344,883	2,207,313	7,137,570
Early retirement incentive	-	724,358	(724,358)
Net pension liability	71,562,023	63,305,646	8,256,377
Total Long-term Liabilities	<u>\$ 313,301,651</u>	<u>\$ 299,705,626</u>	<u>\$ 13,596,025</u>

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2025**

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The 2025-26 California Budget for community colleges reflects a slight overall funding increase over the prior year. Proposition 98 funding for community colleges is set at \$12.9 billion for 2025-26, a 4% decrease from 2024-25, with \$408.4 million in Student Centered Funding Formula (SCFF) apportionments deferred to 2026-27 and over \$49 million withdrawn from the Budget Stabilization Account to support core programs.

- Defers \$243.7 million from the SCFF for 2024-25 to 2025-26;
- Defers \$408.4 million from the SCFF for 2025-26 to 2026-27;
- Uses \$49.0 million from the PSSSA to support apportionment costs; and
- COLA of 2.3 % or 244 million for the SCFF and some categorical programs
- Growth of \$40 million during 2025-26

Unrestricted General Fund Assumptions:

- The District shall maintain legal compliance with the 50% law.
- The District will develop a budget with a minimum 16.7% ending fund balance (reserve) in compliance with Board Policy 6200 Budget Preparation.
- The Program Review, Planning, and Budget Development Process will guide the allocation of resources.
- Vacancies due to retirement or resignation will not automatically be filled.
- Based upon the State's Adopted Budget, an Operating Budget has been prepared which includes estimated revenues and expenditures for 2025-26 Fiscal Year.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Although there has been growth from 2023-24 to 2024-25 in FTES, it is important to note that the growth in FTES is not fully realized in one year since a three-year average is used. It does show some recovery from the pandemic. There are also limits on available growth funding, meaning even if the District grows from one year to the next, the Chancellor's Office puts a cap on the amount of growth it will fund.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the: Office of Fiscal Services, Victor Valley Community College District, 18422 Bear Valley Road, Victorville, California 92395.

FINANCIAL SECTION

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2025

ASSETS

Current Assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 133,558,260
Investments	8,629,511
Accounts receivable	24,306,954
Lease receivable, current portion	71,915
Inventory	161,849
Prepaid expenditures and other assets	130,554
Total Current Assets	166,859,043

Non-current Assets:

Lease receivable, non-current portion	1,319,422
Right-to-use assets, net	2,801,668
Net OPEB asset	1,921,041
Capital assets, net	181,450,533
Total Non-current Assets	187,492,664

TOTAL ASSETS

354,351,707

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred loss on refunding	10,738,762
Deferred outflows - OPEB	2,883,982
Deferred outflows - pensions	35,617,356

TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

49,240,100

TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

\$ 403,591,807

LIABILITIES

Current Liabilities:

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 15,148,578
Accrued interest	2,150,722
Unearned revenue	21,808,877
Long-term debt, current portion	9,763,125
Total Current Liabilities	48,871,302

Non-current Liabilities:

Net pension liability	71,562,023
Long-term debt, non-current portion	231,976,503
Total Non-current Liabilities	303,538,526

TOTAL LIABILITIES

352,409,828

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred inflows related to leases	1,254,145
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	831,977
Deferred inflows related to pensions	8,263,862

TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

10,349,984

NET POSITION

Net investment in capital assets	(31,415,050)
Restricted for:	
Debt service	12,814,386
Capital projects	24,657,728
Other special purpose	9,232,856
Unrestricted	24,025,755
Total Net Position	39,315,675

TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION

\$ 402,075,487

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

OPERATING REVENUES	
Tuition and fees, gross	\$ 16,595,553
Less: Scholarship discounts and allowances	(9,874,455)
Tuition and fees, net	<u>6,721,098</u>
Grants and contracts, non-capital:	
Federal	6,998,182
State	26,841,179
Local	290,145
Auxiliary enterprise sales, net	<u>(12,888)</u>
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	<u>40,837,716</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries	74,551,708
Employee benefits	30,417,124
Supplies, materials, and other operating expenses	32,517,170
Financial aid	61,500,169
Depreciation and amortization	<u>8,564,409</u>
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	<u>207,550,580</u>
OPERATING LOSS	<u>(166,712,864)</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)	
State apportionments, non-capital	81,135,874
Local property taxes, non-capital	27,364,722
State taxes and other revenues, non-capital	11,419,258
Federal and State financial aid grants	51,181,328
Interest and investment income/(loss), non-capital	7,934,011
Other non-operating income	<u>2,693,255</u>
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)	<u>181,728,448</u>
GAIN/(LOSS) BEFORE OTHER REVENUES/(EXPENSES)	<u>15,015,584</u>
OTHER REVENUES/(EXPENSES)	
Local property taxes and revenues, capital	8,854,390
Interest and investment income/(loss), capital	1,179,492
Interest expense, capital	<u>(11,400,271)</u>
TOTAL OTHER REVENUES/(EXPENSES)	<u>(1,366,389)</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	13,649,195
NET POSITION -- BEGINNING OF YEAR	32,566,494
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS (SEE NOTE 15)	<u>(6,900,014)</u>
NET POSITION -- END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 39,315,675</u>

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Tuition and fees, net	\$ 6,721,098
Grants and contracts	28,011,569
Payments to or on behalf of employees	(108,547,157)
Payments to vendors for supplies and services	(46,336,594)
Payment to students	(61,500,169)
Internal sales and charges	(12,888)
Net Cash Provided by/(Used in) Operating Activities	<u>(181,664,141)</u>

CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

State apportionments	81,135,874
Local property taxes	27,364,722
State taxes and other revenues	11,419,258
Federal and State financial aid grants	51,181,328
Other non-operating income	2,650,985
Net Cash Provided by/(Used in) Non-capital Financing Activities	<u>173,752,167</u>

CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Net purchase and sale of capital assets	(3,797,346)
Local property taxes, capital	8,854,390
Interest and investment income/(loss), capital	1,179,492
Principal paid on capital debt	(5,946,588)
Interest paid on capital debt	(6,068,887)
Net Cash Provide by/(Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities	<u>(5,778,939)</u>

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Investment income/(expense)	<u>28,470,476</u>
Net Cash Provided by/(Used in) Investing Activities	<u>28,470,476</u>

NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	14,779,563
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>117,262,377</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 132,041,940</u>

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

**RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH
PROVIDED BY/(USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES**

Operating loss	\$ (166,712,864)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by/(Used in) Operating Activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	8,564,409
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	(7,744,471)
Inventory	75,193
Prepaid expenditures and other assets	153,976
Net OPEB asset	(1,711,464)
Deferred outflows - pensions	(10,414,605)
Deferred outflows - OPEB	1,191,362
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(14,048,593)
Unearned revenue	1,626,534
Compensated absences	622,133
Early retirement incentive	(724,358)
Net pension liability	8,256,377
Deferred inflows - pensions	(751,077)
Deferred inflows - OPEB	(46,693)
Total Adjustments	<u>(14,951,277)</u>
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	<u>\$ (181,664,141)</u>

COMPONENTS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash in county treasury	\$ 129,633,085
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>3,925,175</u>
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$ 133,558,260</u>

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
 FIDUCIARY FUND
 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
 JUNE 30, 2025**

	Retiree OPEB Trust
ASSETS	
Investments	\$ 17,423,615
NET POSITION	
Restricted for postemployment benefits other than pensions	\$ 17,423,615

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
 FIDUCIARY FUND
 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

	Retiree OPEB Trust
ADDITIONS	
Interest and investment income	\$ 702,868
Net realized and unrealized gains/(losses)	1,062,245
Total Additions	<u>1,765,113</u>
DEDUCTIONS	
Administrative expenses	111,207
Total Deductions	<u>111,207</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,653,906
NET POSITION -- BEGINNING OF YEAR	15,769,709
NET POSITION -- END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 17,423,615</u>

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION

Victor Valley Community College District (the "District") was established in 1961 as a political subdivision of the State of California and is a comprehensive, public, two-year institution offering educational services to residents of the surrounding area. The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board of Trustees form of government, which establishes the policies and procedures by which the District operates. The Board must approve the annual budgets for the General Funds, special revenue funds, and capital project funds, but these budgets are managed at the department level. Currently, the District operates one community college located in Victorville, California. While the District is a political subdivision of the State of California, it is legally separate and is independent of other State and local governments, and it is not a component unit of the State in accordance with the provision of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61. The District is classified as a Public Educational Institution under *Internal Revenue Code* Section 115 and is, therefore, exempt from Federal taxes.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

The District has adopted accounting policies to determine whether certain organizations, for which the District is not financially accountable, should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the District, as defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The District has identified no component units.

Basis of Accounting

For financial reporting purposes, the District is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities as defined by GASB. This presentation provides a comprehensive government-wide perspective of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, activities, and cash flows and replaces the fund group perspective previously required. Fiduciary activities are excluded from the primary government financial statements. The District's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The significant accounting policies followed by the District in preparing these financial statements are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by GASB. Additionally, the District's policies comply with the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Budget and Accounting Manual*. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. All material intra-agency and intra-fund transactions have been eliminated.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include State apportionments, property taxes, Federal and State grants, entitlements, and donations. Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year received. State apportionment revenue is earned based upon criteria set forth from the Community Colleges Chancellor's Office and includes reporting of full-time equivalent students (FTES) attendance. The corresponding apportionment revenue is recognized in the period the FTES are generated. Revenue from Federal and State grants and entitlements are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements may include time and/or purpose requirements.

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Basis of Accounting, continued

Expenses are recorded on the accrual basis as they are incurred, when goods are received, or services are rendered.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury for purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value, including money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts with original maturities greater than one year, are stated at cost or amortized cost.

The District's investment in the County treasury is measured at fair value on a recurring basis, which is determined by the fair value per share of the underlying portfolio determined by the program sponsor. Positions in this investment pool is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable include amounts due from the Federal, State and/or local governments, or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the District's grants and contracts. Accounts receivable also consist of tuition and fee charges to students and auxiliary enterprise services provided to students, faculty, and staff. The District does not record an allowance for uncollectible accounts because collectability of the receivables from such sources is probable. When receivables are determined to be uncollectible, a direct write-off is recorded.

Prepaid Expenditures

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as an expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

Inventories

Inventories consist of bookstore merchandise held for resale to the students and faculty of the college. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market on an average basis. The cost is recorded as an expense as the inventory is consumed rather than when purchased.

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Right-to-Use Assets and Lease Liabilities

The District recognizes a right-to-use leased assets as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 87 and right-to-use subscription-based IT assets (SBITA) under GASB Statement No. 96. The right-to-use leased assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right-to-use subscription-based IT assets (leased software) are measured at the amount of the initial measurement of the subscription liability (lease software), plus any payments made to the SBITA vendor at the commencement of the subscription term and any capitalizable initial implementation costs. The right-to-use leased assets and leased software are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease or subscription. Subsequently, the right-to-use leased assets and leased software are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

The District recognizes a lease liability at the commencement of a lease and initially measures them at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. The lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made.

The District estimates its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for expected lease payments and the noncancelable period for its leases. Additionally, the District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and will remeasure the lease liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect their lease liability.

Lease Receivable

The District's lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. Under the lease agreement, the District may receive variable lease payments that are dependent upon the lessee's revenue. Any variable payments are recorded as an inflow of resources in the period the payment is received. A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the lease. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District as a whole and include land, construction in progress, buildings, building and land improvements, and equipment. The District maintains an initial unit cost capitalization threshold of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life greater than one year. Assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, when purchased or constructed. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Improvements to buildings and land that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the asset are capitalized; the costs of routine maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are charged as an operating expense in the year in which the expense was incurred. Major outlays for capital improvements are capitalized as construction in progress as the projects are constructed.

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Capital Assets and Depreciation, continued

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded utilizing the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 39 years; site improvements, 20 years; machinery and equipment, 5 to 20 years; vehicles, 8 years.

The District records impairments of capital assets when it becomes probable that the carrying value of the assets will not be fully recovered over their estimated useful life. Impairments are recorded to reduce the carrying value of the assets to their net realizable value based on facts and circumstances in existence at the time of the determination. No impairments were recorded during the year ended June 30, 2025.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the entity-wide financial statements. The current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignation and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid within the fund from which the employees who have accumulated the leave are paid. The District also participates in "load banking" with eligible academic employees whereby the employee may teach extra courses in one period in exchange for time off in another period. The liability for this benefit is reported on the entity-wide financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 101 requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for [1] leave that has not been used and [2] leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if [a] the leave is attributable to services already rendered, [b] the leave accumulates, and [c] the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means.

Flow Assumption: When determining the amounts due within one year for sick leave, accumulated sick leave as of June 30, 2025 is assumed to be used before future sick leave accruals (i.e. First In, First Out). The amount due within one year for vacation leave is based on the expected accumulated vacation leave to be cashed out upon the end of employment in the following year.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee based upon negotiated contracts. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, retirement credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Retirement credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full time.

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources related to debt refunding, for OPEB-related items and for pension-related items. The deferred outflows of resources related to debt refunding resulted from the difference between the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for leases, OPEB and pension-related items.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value. The aggregate net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District Plan and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District Plan. For this purpose, the District Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Accounts Payable, Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Liabilities

Accounts payable, accrued expenses, accrued interest and long-term liabilities are reported in the District and fiduciary fund financial statements. In general, accounts payable and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full, from current financial resources are reported as liabilities of the District.

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, such as when certain grants are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In the subsequent periods, when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and the revenue is recognized. Unearned revenue is primarily composed of (1) amounts received for tuition and fees prior to the end of the fiscal year that are related to the subsequent fiscal year and (2) amounts received from Federal and State grants received before the eligibility requirements are met.

Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities include general obligation bonds payable, capital leases, compensated absences, early retirement incentive, the net OPEB liability, and the aggregate net pension liability with maturities greater than one year.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position related to net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The government-wide financial statements report \$46,704,970 of restricted net position and the fiduciary funds financial statements report \$17,423,615 of restricted net position.

Operating and Non-operating Revenues and Expenses

Classification of Revenues - The District has classified its revenues as either operating or non-operating. Certain significant revenue streams relied upon for operation are classified as non-operating as defined by GASB. Classifications are as follows:

- **Operating revenues** – Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions such as tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts and allowances, Federal, State, and local grants and contracts, and sales and services of auxiliary enterprises.
- **Non-operating revenues** – Non-operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of non-exchange transactions such as State apportionments, property taxes, investment income, and other revenue sources defined by GASB.

Classification of Expenses - Nearly all of the District's expenses are from exchange transactions and are classified as either operating or nonoperating according to the following criteria:

- **Operating expenses** – Operating expenses are necessary costs to provide the services of the District and include employee salaries and benefits, supplies, operating expenses, and student financial aid.
- **Non-operating expenses** – Non-operating expenses include interest expense and other expenses not directly related to the services of the District.

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

State Apportionments

Certain current year apportionments from the State are based on financial and statistical information of the previous year. Any corrections due to the recalculation of the apportionment are made in February of the subsequent year. When known and measurable, these recalculations and corrections are accrued in the year in which the FTES are generated.

Property Taxes

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. The County Assessor is responsible for assessment of all taxable real property. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of San Bernardino bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

The voters of the District passed a General Obligation Bond in 2008 for the acquisition, construction, and remodeling of certain District property. As a result of the passage of the Bond, property taxes are assessed on the property within the District specifically for the repayment of the debt incurred. The taxes are assessed, billed, and collected as noted above and remitted to the District when collected.

Scholarship Discounts and Allowances

Tuition and fee revenue is reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances. Fee waivers approved by the California Community College Board of Governors are included within the scholarship discounts and allowances in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Scholarship discounts and allowances represent the difference between stated charges for enrollment fees and the amount that is paid by students or third parties making payments on the students' behalf.

Financial Assistance Programs

The District participates in federally funded Pell Grants, Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (SEOG), and Federal Work-Study programs, as well as other programs funded by the Federal government and State of California. Financial aid provided to the student in the form of cash is reported as an operating expense in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Federal financial assistance programs are audited in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates, and those difference could be material.

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Interfund Activity

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund activity within the primary government and fiduciary funds have been eliminated respectively in the consolidation process of the basic financial statements. Balances between the primary government and the fiduciary funds are not eliminated in the consolidation process.

Operating transfers between funds of the District are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use restricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Operating transfers within the primary government and fiduciary funds have been eliminated respectively in the consolidation process of the basic financial statements. Balances transferred between the primary government and the fiduciary funds are not eliminated in the consolidation process.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

The following GASB Pronouncements were adopted by the District during the year ended June 30, 2025:

GASB Statement No. 101 – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The financial impact of this statement is reflected in Notes 9 and 15.

GASB Statement No. 102 - In December 2023, GASB issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with information about risks related to a government’s vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints that is essential to their analyses for making decisions or assessing accountability. A government should disclose in notes to financial statements the information if the following criteria have been met; (a) a concentration or constraint is known to the government prior to the issuance of the financial statements and makes the reporting unit vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact, (b) an event or events associated with the concentration or constraint that could cause a substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. Management has determined that the adoption of this new standard did not have any material impact on the financial statements of the District.

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 JUNE 30, 2025**

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Upcoming GASB Pronouncements

The GASB has issued several pronouncements that may impact future financial presentations. Management has not currently determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following statements may have on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 103 – In April 2024, GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government’s accountability. This statement also addresses certain application issues. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2025.

GASB Statement No. 104 – In September 2024, GASB issued Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*. The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets. This Statement requires certain types of capital assets to be disclosed separately in the capital assets note disclosures required by Statement 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management’s Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*. This statement also requires additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2025.

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Summary of Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments:

	Primary Government	Fiduciary Funds
Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 3,703,983	\$ -
Cash in revolving	221,192	-
Cash in county treasury	129,633,085	-
Investments	8,629,511	17,423,615
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$ 142,187,771	\$ 17,423,615

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California *Government Code* to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium-term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS, continued

Cash in County Treasury

In accordance with the *Budget and Accounting Manual*, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury as part of the common investment pool. The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in the external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	40%	30%
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	25%	10%
Commercial Paper	270 days	30%	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20%	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	10%
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	None
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Authorized Under Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements rather than the general provisions of the California *Government Code*. These provisions allow for the acquisition of investment agreements with maturities of up to 30 years.

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS, continued

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the San Bernardino County Investment Pool, American General Life Insurance (Guaranteed Investment Contract) and Mutual Funds.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to interest rate risk and credit risk is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of the District's investment by maturity and credit rating:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Days to Maturity	Credit Rating
San Bernardino County Investment Pool	\$ 129,633,085	729 Days	AAAf/S1
Guaranteed Investment Contract (GIC)	1,374,506	No maturity	Not rated
Mutual Funds	24,678,620	No maturity	Not rated
Total	<u>\$ 155,686,211</u>		

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California *Government Code*. Investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of the total investments are the Guaranteed Investment Contract (GIC) with American General Life Insurance Company which represents 0.9%.

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS, continued

Custodial Credit Risk Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California *Government Code* requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2025, the District's bank balance was fully insured.

Investments

This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2025 the District's investment balance of \$26.1 million was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured, unregistered and held by the brokerage firm which is also the counterparty for these securities. The District does not have a policy limiting the amount of securities that can be held by counterparties.

NOTE 4 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the District has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets may include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market and that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.
- Level 2 - Observable inputs, other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, such as interest rates and curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. For financial reporting purposes, if an asset has a specified term, a Level 2 input is required to be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.
- Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonably available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized – Investments not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net value per share.

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025**

NOTE 4 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS, continued

The District's fair value measurements are as follows at June 30, 2025:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Fair Value Measurements Using	
		Level 1 Inputs	Uncategorized
Guaranteed Investment Contract (GIC)	\$ 1,374,506	\$ -	\$ 1,374,506
Mutual Funds	24,678,620	24,678,620	-
Total	\$ 26,053,126	\$ 24,678,620	\$ 1,374,506

All assets have been valued using a market approach, which uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or group of assets.

NOTE 5 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable as of June 30, 2025 consisted of the following:

	Primary Government
Federal Government	
Categorical aid	\$ 404,497
State Government	
Apportionment	10,003,261
Categorical aid	1,767,772
Lottery	1,082,718
Local Sources	
Other local sources	6,089,355
Subtotal	19,347,603
Student receivables	4,959,351
Total Accounts Receivable	\$ 24,306,954

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 6 – LEASE RECEIVABLE

The District’s lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. Under the lease agreement, the District may receive variable lease payments that are dependent upon the lessee’s revenue. Any variable payments are recorded as an inflow of resources in the period the payment is received.

A deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Future deferred inflows on non-cancellable leases at June 30, 2025 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	\$ 71,915	\$ 68,510	\$ 140,425
2027	75,075	65,924	140,999
2028	58,006	63,584	121,590
2029	56,468	61,731	118,199
2030	59,036	59,790	118,826
2031-2035	338,040	266,173	604,213
2036-2040	215,059	219,465	434,524
2041-2045	258,810	183,992	442,802
2046-2049	258,928	113,273	372,201
Total	\$ 1,391,337	\$ 1,102,442	\$ 2,493,779

The District leases space on its campuses to external parties. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, the District records lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources based on the present value of expected receipts over the term of the respective lease. The expected receipts are discounted using the District’s incremental borrowing rate. Any variable payments are excluded unless fixed in substance. During the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized revenues related to these lease agreements totaling \$139,868. During the year ended June 30, 2025, the District does not have any lease revenue related to variable receipts that were not previously included in the measurement of the lease receivable.

The general terms of the lease agreements are as follows:

Lease Type	Number of Contracts	Average Rate	Lease Terms	Annual Rental Income
Building	3	4.00%	1/1/2009 - 6/30/2049	\$ 139,868

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 7 – RIGHT-TO-USE ASSETS

The amount of lease assets by major class of underlying assets as of June 30, 2025, was as follows:

	Balance		Balance	
	July 1, 2024	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2025
Right-to-Use Assets:				
Leased equipment	\$ 8,151,996	\$ 1,489,134	\$ -	\$ 9,641,130
Leased software	4,275,613	387,808	1,152	4,662,269
Total Right-to-Use Assets	12,427,609	1,876,942	1,152	14,303,399
Less: Accumulated Amortization				
Leased equipment	7,965,827	213,500	-	8,179,327
Leased software	2,048,949	1,274,607	1,152	3,322,404
Total Accumulated Amortization	10,014,776	1,488,107	1,152	11,501,731
Right-to-Use Assets, net	\$ 2,412,833	\$ 388,835	\$ -	\$ 2,801,668

NOTE 8 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activities for the District for the year ended June 30, 2025, were as follows:

	Balance		Balance	
	July 1, 2024	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2025
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 11,888,758	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,888,758
Construction in progress	47,303,488	-	47,303,488	-
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	59,192,246	-	47,303,488	11,888,758
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Land improvements	38,558,087	4,469,510	-	43,027,597
Buildings and improvements	167,292,835	42,833,979	-	210,126,814
Furniture and equipment	16,768,330	1,920,403	7,313	18,681,420
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	222,619,252	49,223,892	7,313	271,835,831
Total Capital Assets	281,811,498	49,223,892	47,310,801	283,724,589
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Land improvements	12,722,236	1,609,266	-	14,331,502
Buildings and improvements	68,142,362	4,968,163	-	73,110,525
Furniture and equipment	14,340,469	498,873	7,313	14,832,029
Total Accumulated Depreciation	95,205,067	7,076,302	7,313	102,274,056
Capital Assets, net	\$ 186,606,431	\$ 42,147,590	\$ 47,303,488	\$ 181,450,533

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025**

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions during the year ended June 30, 2025 consisted of the following:

	Balance July 1, 2024	Adjustments (Note 15)	Restated Balance July 1, 2024	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2025	Due in One Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 219,661,790	\$ -	\$ 219,661,790	\$ 5,373,823	\$ 5,750,000	\$ 219,285,613	\$ 5,720,000
Bond premium	10,313,792	-	10,313,792	-	500,799	9,812,993	500,799
Lease liability	1,665,642	-	1,665,642	1,489,134	1,048,184	2,106,592	932,893
Software lease liability	1,827,085	-	1,827,085	387,808	1,025,346	1,189,547	984,101
Compensated absences	2,207,313	6,515,437	8,722,750	622,133	-	9,344,883	1,625,332
Early retirement incentive	724,358	-	724,358	-	724,358	-	-
Total	\$ 236,399,980	\$ 6,515,437	\$ 242,915,417	\$ 7,872,898	\$ 9,048,687	\$ 241,739,628	\$ 9,763,125

Description of Long-Term Liabilities

Payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the bond interest and redemption fund with local property tax revenues. The capital lease payments will be made by the unrestricted general fund. The compensated absences and early retirement incentive will be paid by the fund for which the employee worked.

General Obligation Bonds

General Obligation Bonds Measure JJ

In November of 2008, the voters of the District approved Measure JJ, which allowed the District to issue \$297,500,000 of general obligation bonds to upgrade, expand, and construct school facilities.

2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series C

In June 2009, the District issued \$70,017,065 of the Victor Valley Community College District, 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series C. The bonds issued included \$16,135,000 of current interest serial bonds, \$20,000,000 of current interest term bonds, \$6,600,646 of capital appreciation serial bonds, with the capital appreciation bonds accreting to \$27,000,000, \$21,177,379 of capital appreciation term bonds, with capital appreciation bonds accreting to \$248,200,000, and \$6,104,040 of convertible capital appreciation term bonds, with a conversion value of \$12,070,000. The bonds have a final maturity to occur on June 1, 2049, with interest rates from 3.17% to 7.20%. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to finance the acquisition, construction, modernization and equipping of certain District property and facilities. At June 30, 2025, the principal balance outstanding was \$90,810,613.

2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series A

During April 2016, the District issued the 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series A, in the amount of \$50,840,000. Amounts paid to the refunded bond escrow agent in excess of outstanding debt at the time of payment are recorded as deferred charges on refunding on the Statement of Net Position and are amortized to interest expense over the life of the liability.

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, continued

General Obligation Bonds, continued

2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series A, continued

The bonds have a final maturity to occur on August 1, 2044, with interest rates from 2.00% to 5.00%. The net proceeds of \$57,241,998 (representing the principal amount of \$50,840,000 plus premium on issuance of \$6,401,998 from the issuance were used to advance refund a portion of the District's outstanding 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series A, advance refund a portion of the District's outstanding 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series C, and pay the costs associated with the issuance of the Series A refunding bonds. At June 30, 2025, the principal balance outstanding was \$45,670,000. Unamortized premium received on issuance of the bonds amounted to \$4,369,317 as of June 30, 2025.

2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series B

During April 2016, the District issued the 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series B, in the amount of \$38,960,000. Amounts paid to the refunded bond escrow agent in excess of outstanding debt at the time of payment are recorded as deferred charges on refunding on the Statement of Net Position and are amortized to interest expense over the life of the liability.

The bonds have a final maturity to occur on August 1, 2031, with interest rates from 0.778% to 3.498%. The net proceeds of \$38,960,000 from the issuance were used to advance refund a portion of the District's outstanding 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series A, and pay the costs associated with the issuance of the Series B refunding bonds. At June 30, 2025, the principal balance outstanding was \$24,430,000.

2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series C

During April 2016, the District issued the 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series C, in the amount of \$11,765,000. Amounts paid to the refunded bond escrow agent in excess of outstanding debt at the time of payment are recorded as deferred charges on refunding on the Statement of Net Position and are amortized to interest expense over the life of the liability.

The bonds have a final maturity to occur on August 1, 2033, with an interest rate of 4.00%. The net proceeds of \$13,262,395 (representing the principal amount of \$11,765,000 plus premium on issuance of \$1,497,395) from the issuance were used to advance refund, on a crossover basis, the outstanding balance of the District's outstanding 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series B, and pay the costs associated with the issuance of the Series C refunding bonds. At June 30, 2025, the principal balance outstanding was \$11,765,000. Unamortized premium received on issuance of the bonds amounted to \$715,828 as of June 30, 2025.

2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series D

In May 2020 the District issued \$31,490,000 of the Victor Valley Community College District, 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series D. The bonds issued included \$31,490,000 of current interest serial bonds. The bonds have a final maturity to occur on August 1, 2050, with interest rates from 3.00% to 4.00%. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to finance the acquisition, construction, modernization and equipping of certain District sites and facilities, and pay the costs associated with the issuance of the Series D bonds. At June 30, 2025 the principal balance outstanding was \$29,260,000. Unamortized premium received on issuance of the bonds amounted to \$2,963,682 as of June 30, 2025.

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, continued

General Obligation Bonds, continued

2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series E

In February 2025 the District issued \$18,500,000 of the Victor Valley Community College District, 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series E. The bonds issued included \$18,500,000 of current interest serial bonds. The bonds have a final maturity to occur on August 1, 2051, with an interest rate of 5.00%. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to finance the acquisition, construction, modernization and equipping of certain District sites and facilities, and pay the costs associated with the issuance of the Series E bonds. At June 30, 2025 the principal balance outstanding was \$17,350,000. Unamortized premium received on issuance of the bonds amounted to \$1,764,166 as of June 30, 2025.

Debt Maturity

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Value	Balance July 1, 2024	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2025	Due in One Year
2009	6/1/2049	3.17-7.20%	\$ 70,017,065	\$ 86,151,790	\$ 5,373,823	\$ 715,000	\$ 90,810,613	\$ 860,000
2016	8/1/2044	2.00-5.00%	50,840,000	46,710,000	-	1,040,000	45,670,000	1,145,000
2016	8/1/2031	0.778-3.498%	38,960,000	27,275,000	-	2,845,000	24,430,000	3,065,000
2016	8/1/2033	4.00%	11,765,000	11,765,000	-	-	11,765,000	-
2020	8/1/2050	3.00-4.00%	31,490,000	29,260,000	-	-	29,260,000	-
2025	8/1/2051	5.00%	18,500,000	18,500,000	-	1,150,000	17,350,000	650,000
			<u>\$ 221,572,065</u>	<u>\$ 219,661,790</u>	<u>\$ 5,373,823</u>	<u>\$ 5,750,000</u>	<u>\$ 219,285,613</u>	<u>\$ 5,720,000</u>

The 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series C mature through 2050 as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Accreted Interest	Current Interest	Total
2026	\$ 142,339	\$ 717,661	\$ 829,813	\$ 1,689,813
2027	148,740	856,260	829,813	1,834,813
2028	152,864	1,002,136	829,813	1,984,813
2029	308,078	1,006,922	829,813	2,144,813
2030	390,461	1,079,539	829,813	2,299,813
2031-2035	4,913,362	20,107,562	4,149,063	29,169,987
2036-2040	10,902,316	31,513,282	2,489,438	44,905,036
2041-2045	7,179,829	61,933,189	-	69,113,018
2046-2050	7,275,238	100,108,564	-	107,383,802
Accretion	59,397,386	(59,397,386)	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 90,810,613</u>	<u>\$ 158,927,729</u>	<u>\$ 10,787,566</u>	<u>\$ 260,525,908</u>

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, continued

Debt Maturity, continued

The 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series A mature through 2045 as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Current Interest	Total
2026	\$ 1,145,000	\$ 1,867,675	\$ 3,012,675
2027	1,260,000	1,807,550	3,067,550
2028	1,385,000	1,741,425	3,126,425
2029	1,510,000	1,669,050	3,179,050
2030	1,650,000	1,590,050	3,240,050
2031-2035	2,730,000	7,289,800	10,019,800
2036-2040	20,130,000	6,563,200	26,693,200
2041-2045	15,860,000	2,854,800	18,714,800
Total	<u>\$ 45,670,000</u>	<u>\$ 25,383,550</u>	<u>\$ 71,053,550</u>

The 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series B mature through 2032 as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Current Interest	Total
2026	\$ 3,065,000	\$ 753,763	\$ 3,818,763
2027	3,300,000	664,470	3,964,470
2028	3,555,000	562,271	4,117,271
2029	3,830,000	440,573	4,270,573
2030	4,135,000	301,265	4,436,265
2031-2032	6,545,000	187,580	6,732,580
Total	<u>\$ 24,430,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,909,922</u>	<u>\$ 27,339,922</u>

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, continued

Debt Maturity, continued

The 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series C mature through 2034 as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Current Interest	Total
2026	\$ -	\$ 470,600	\$ 470,600
2027	-	470,600	470,600
2028	-	470,600	470,600
2029	-	470,600	470,600
2030	-	470,600	470,600
2031-2034	11,765,000	1,065,900	12,830,900
Total	\$ 11,765,000	\$ 3,418,900	\$ 15,183,900

The 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series D mature through 2051 as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Current Interest	Total
2026	\$ -	\$ 1,169,450	\$ 1,169,450
2027	-	1,169,450	1,169,450
2028	-	1,169,450	1,169,450
2029	95,000	1,167,550	1,262,550
2030	130,000	1,163,050	1,293,050
2031-2035	1,075,000	5,692,750	6,767,750
2036-2040	2,070,000	5,420,450	7,490,450
2041-2045	620,000	5,119,925	5,739,925
2046-2050	715,000	5,012,500	5,727,500
2051	24,555,000	491,100	25,046,100
Total	\$ 29,260,000	\$ 27,575,675	\$ 56,835,675

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025**

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, continued

Debt Maturity, continued

The 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series E mature through 2052 as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Current Interest	Total
2026	\$ 650,000	\$ 851,250	\$ 1,501,250
2027	-	835,000	835,000
2028	-	835,000	835,000
2029	-	835,000	835,000
2030	-	835,000	835,000
2031-2035	-	4,175,000	4,175,000
2036-2040	-	4,175,000	4,175,000
2041-2045	-	4,175,000	4,175,000
2046-2050	-	4,175,000	4,175,000
2051-2052	16,700,000	1,252,500	17,952,500
Total	\$ 17,350,000	\$ 22,143,750	\$ 39,493,750

Early Retirement Incentive

In June 2020, the District entered into a Supplementary Retirement Plan (SRP) to provide certain benefits to employees participating in the early retirement incentive program. The balance has been fully paid during the year ending June 30, 2025.

Leases

The District has entered into agreements to lease certain equipment. The lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases under GASB Statement No. 87 and 96 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. The general terms are as follows:

Lease Type	Number of Contracts	Average Rate	Lease Terms	Annual Lease Payment
Equipment	1	4.00%	3/1/2020 - 2/28/2025	\$ 207,334
Energy Equipment	2	1.90%	9/11/2006 - 11/1/2029	\$ 840,850
Software	11	2.40%	7/1/2022 - 11/16/2028	\$ 1,125,087

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, continued

Leases, continued

Future minimum lease payments on non-cancellable leases at June 30, 2025 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	\$ 932,893	\$ 47,521	\$ 980,414
2027	453,858	28,406	482,264
2028	292,168	18,539	310,707
2029	301,536	9,172	310,708
2030	126,137	998	127,135
Total	<u>\$ 2,106,592</u>	<u>\$ 104,636</u>	<u>\$ 2,211,228</u>

Future minimum lease payments on software leases at June 30, 2025 are as follows

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	\$ 984,101	\$ 107,278	\$ 1,091,379
2027	97,344	4,180	101,524
2028	52,374	2,447	54,821
2029	55,728	738	56,466
Total	<u>\$ 1,189,547</u>	<u>\$ 114,643</u>	<u>\$ 1,304,190</u>

Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences consists of unused vacation and sick leave that is expected to be used in future periods or paid upon termination, in accordance with employee collective bargaining agreements and District policy.

At June 30, 2025, the liability recorded for compensated absences was \$9,344,883.

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 10 – NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District reported net OPEB liability/(asset), deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense/(benefit) for the following plan:

OPEB Plan	Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	OPEB Expense/(Benefit)
District Plan	\$ (1,921,041)	\$ 2,883,982	\$ 831,977	\$ 949,525

District Plan

Plan Administration

The District's governing board administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses.

Management of the plan is vested in the District management. Management of the trustee assets is vested with the Benefit Trust Company.

Plan Membership

As of the June 30, 2024 valuation, the Plan membership consisted of the following:

	Number of Participants
Inactive Employees Receiving Benefits	51
Active Employees	340
Total	391

Retiree Health Benefit OPEB Trust

The Retiree Health Benefit OPEB Trust (the "Trust") is an irrevocable governmental trust pursuant to Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) for the purpose of funding certain postemployment benefits other than pensions. The Trust is administered by the Victor Valley Community College District Retirement Board of Authority as directed by the investment alternative choice selected by the District. The District retains the responsibility to oversee the management of the Trust, including the requirement that investments and assets held within the Trust continually adhere to the requirements of the *California Government Code* Section 53600.5 which specifies that the trustee's primary role is to preserve capital, to maintain investment liquidity, and to protect investment yield. As such, the District acts as the fiduciary of the Trust. The financial activity of the Trust has been discretely presented. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Trust.

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 10 – NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), continued

Contributions

The contribution requirements of the Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District, the California Teachers Association (CTA), the local California School Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. Voluntary contributions based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, and any additional amounts to prefund benefits with the District, CTA, CSEA, and the unrepresented groups are based on availability of funds. For the measurement period of June 30, 2024, the District contributed \$1,469,779 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

Investment Policy

The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the governing board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the District to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risks through the prudent diversification for the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The Plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocation over short time spans. The following was the governing board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2025:

Asset Class	Percentage of Portfolio	Assumed Gross Return
All Fixed Income	55%	4.25%
Real Estate Investment Trusts	4%	7.25%
All Domestic Equities	22%	7.25%
All International Equities	19%	7.25%

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 10.61%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) of the District

The District's net OPEB liability/(asset) of \$(1,921,041) was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2024. The components of the net OPEB liability/(asset) of the District at June 30, 2025 were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 13,848,668
Plan fiduciary net position	<u>15,769,709</u>
Net OPEB liability/(asset)	<u>\$ (1,921,041)</u>
 Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	 <u>114%</u>

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 10 – NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), continued

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation date	June 30, 2024
Measurement date	June 30, 2024
Fiscal year	July 1st to June 30th
Actuarial cost methods	Entry age normal cost method
Inflation rate	2.50%
Investment rate of return	5.85%
Salary Increase	2.75%
Healthcare cost trend rate	4.00%

The discount rate was based on assumed long-term return on employer assets.

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Mortality Table for certificated employees and the 2017 CalPERS Mortality for Miscellaneous and Schools Employees Table for classified employees. Mortality rates vary by age and sex. Unisex mortality rates are not often used as individual OPEB benefits do not depend on the mortality table used. If employees die prior to retirement, past contributions are available to fund benefits for employees who live to retirement. After retirement, death results in benefit termination or reduction. Although higher mortality rates reduce service costs, the mortality assumption is not likely to vary from employer to employer.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2024 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study as of June 30, 2024.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2025, (see the discussion of the Plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Percentage of Portfolio	Assumed Gross Return
All Fixed Income	55%	4.25%
Real Estate Investment Trusts	4%	7.25%
All Domestic Equities	22%	7.25%
All International Equities	19%	7.25%

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 10 – NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), continued

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.85%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the District contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)

	Increase/(Decrease)		
	Total OPEB Liability	Total Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balance July 1, 2023 (Measurement Date)	\$ 14,047,638	\$ 14,257,215	\$ (209,577)
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	560,627	-	560,627
Interest	799,741	-	799,741
Employee contributions as benefit payments	-	1,469,779	(1,469,779)
Experience (gains)/losses	(245,015)	-	(245,015)
Expected investment income	-	830,985	(830,985)
Investment gains/(losses)	-	786,203	(786,203)
Administrative expense	-	(104,694)	104,694
Benefit payments	(1,314,323)	(1,469,779)	155,456
Net change	(198,970)	1,512,494	(1,711,464)
Balance June 30, 2024 (Measurement Date)	\$ 13,848,668	\$ 15,769,709	\$ (1,921,041)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability/(asset) of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	1% Lower (4.85%)	Current Discount Rate (5.85%)	1% Higher (6.85%)
Net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$ (1,083,631)	\$ (1,921,041)	\$ (2,701,832)

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 10 – NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), continued

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability/(asset) of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1% Lower (3.00%)	Current Trend Rate (4.00%)	1% Higher (5.00%)
Net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$ (3,035,580)	\$ (1,921,041)	\$ (642,424)

Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB for the following:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ 360,729	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience	913,026	401,818
Change in assumptions	93,907	430,159
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,516,320	-
Total	<u>\$ 2,883,982</u>	<u>\$ 831,977</u>

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2026	\$ 286,025
2027	740,599
2028	(159,137)
2029	(170,758)
2030	(17,192)
Thereafter	(143,852)
Total	<u>\$ 535,685</u>

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT

Property and Liability Insurance Coverages

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases commercial insurance for property with coverages of \$250,000,000 per occurrence, subject to various policy limits. The District also purchases commercial insurance for general liability claims with coverage up to \$1,000,000 per occurrence, all subject to various deductibles.

Joint Powers Authority Risk Pools

During fiscal-year ended June 30, 2025, the District contracted with the Statewide Association of Community Colleges Joint Powers Authority (JPA) for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2024-25, the District participated in the Protected Insurance Program for Schools and Colleges (PIPS) Joint Powers Authority (JPA), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the JPA is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the JPA. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience, and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in the JPA. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium based on its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall saving. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity-pooling fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the JPA. Participation in the JPA is limited to K-12 and community college districts that can meet the JPA's selection criteria.

Employee Medical Benefits

The District has contracted with California Schools Employee Benefit Association (CSEBA) to provide employee medical benefits. CSEBA is a shared risk pool comprised of community colleges and school districts in California. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of the claim's flow. The Board of Directors has the right to return monies to a district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims if a district withdraws from the pool.

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 12 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers’ Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees’ Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the District reported its proportionate share of net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

Pension Plan	Collective Net Pension Liability	Collective Deferred Outflows of Resources	Collective Deferred Inflows of Resources	Collective Pension Expense
CalSTRS	\$ 34,994,168	\$ 20,131,515	\$ 5,539,897	\$ 4,706,568
CalPERS	36,567,855	15,485,841	2,723,965	6,466,599
Total	\$ 71,562,023	\$ 35,617,356	\$ 8,263,862	\$ 11,173,167

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers’ Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers’ Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2023, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: <http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications>.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members’ final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and non-employer contributing entity to the STRP.

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025**

NOTE 12 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), continued

Benefits Provided, continued

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program, thus disclosures are not included for the other plans. The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2025, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Plan	
	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	60	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%
Required employee contribution rate	10.25%	10.21%
Required employer contribution rate	19.10%	19.10%
Required state contribution rate	10.83%	10.83%

Contributions

The parameters for employer and state contribution rates for the DB Program are set by the California Legislature and the Governor and detailed in the Teachers' Retirement Law. Current contribution rates were established by California Assembly Bill 1469 (CalSTRS Funding Plan), which was passed into law in June 2014 and established a schedule of contribution rate increases shared among members, employers and the state to bring CalSTRS toward full funding by 2046. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2025, are presented above, and the District's total contributions were \$7,919,178.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2025, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 34,994,168
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	16,055,691
Total	\$ 51,049,859

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating college districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement periods of June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, was 0.052% and 0.041%, respectively, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.011%.

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025**

NOTE 12 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, continued

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,706,568. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$1,465,303 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ -	\$ 142,972
Differences between expected and actual experience	3,958,740	1,531,243
Changes in assumptions	153,184	2,389,758
Net changes in proportionate share of net pension liability	8,100,413	1,475,924
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	7,919,178	-
Total	<u>\$ 20,131,515</u>	<u>\$ 5,539,897</u>

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2026	\$ (1,539,809)
2027	4,571,394
2028	1,848,077
2029	1,616,296
2030	348,125
Thereafter	(171,643)
Total	<u>\$ 6,672,440</u>

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025**

NOTE 12 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), continued

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying updated procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2024. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2023
Measurement date	June 30, 2024
Experience study	July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.50%
Payroll growth	3.25%
Postretirement benefit increases	2.00%

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which is based off generational mortality tables that reflect expected future improvements in mortality and includes a base table and a projection table. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among our members. The projection table reflects the expected annual reduction in mortality rates at each age. The current mortality assumption uses a base year of 2023, and projected improvement is based on the MP– 2021 Ultimate Projection Scale.

The long-term investment rate of return assumption was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class/strategy. Expected real rates of return are net of our 2.75% inflation assumption and are derived from best-estimate ranges of 20- to 30-year geometrically linked expected returns. These best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS investment staff and investment consultants as inputs to the process.

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025**

NOTE 12 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), continued

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions, continued

The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2024 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. The assumed asset allocation and best estimates of the expected rates of return for each major asset class/strategy as of June 30, 2025, are summarized in the following table

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-term Expected Rate of Return*	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return**
Public Equity	38%	8.00%	5.25%
Real Estate	15%	6.80%	4.05%
Private Equity	14%	9.50%	6.75%
Fixed Income	14%	5.20%	2.45%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10%	5.00%	2.25%
Inflation Sensitive	7%	6.40%	3.65%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	2.80%	0.05%
Total	100%		

*20 to 30 year geometric average.

**Real rates of return are net of assumed 2.75% inflation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.10%)	Current Discount Rate (7.10%)	1% Increase (8.10%)
Plan's net pension liability	\$ 62,243,174	\$ 34,994,168	\$ 12,240,117

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025**

NOTE 12 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2023 annual actuarial valuation report, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: <https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications>.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 62 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2025, are summarized as follows:

	<u>School Employer Pool (CalPERS)</u>	
	On or before	On or after
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	7.00%
Required employer contribution rate	27.05%	27.05%

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025**

NOTE 12 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), continued

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2025, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$6,163,294.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2025, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$36,567,855. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2025. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating college districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement periods of June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, was 0.102% and 0.088%, respectively, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.014%.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized pension expense of \$6,466,599. At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ 1,420,450	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience	3,065,680	261,715
Changes in assumptions	808,273	-
Net changes in proportionate share of net pension liability	4,028,144	2,462,250
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	6,163,294	-
Total	\$ 15,485,841	\$ 2,723,965

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025**

NOTE 12 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, continued

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2026	\$ 1,447,635
2027	3,493,829
2028	1,099,534
2029	557,584
Total	<u>\$ 6,598,582</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying updated procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2023
Measurement date	June 30, 2024
Experience study	July 1, 1997, through June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	6.90%
Consumer price inflation	2.30%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

The mortality table was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP 2020 published by the Society of Actuaries.

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025**

NOTE 12 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), continued

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions, continued

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated and, combined with risk estimates, are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class*	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10**
Global Equity - cap-weighted	30%	4.54%
Global Equity non-cap-weighted	12%	3.84%
Private Equity	13%	7.28%
Treasury	5%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10%	1.56%
High Yield	5%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5%	2.48%
Private Debt	5%	3.57%
Real Assets	15%	3.21%
Leverage	-5%	-0.59%
Total	100%	

*An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period.

**Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability Management study.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025**

NOTE 12 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), continued

Discount Rate, continued

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.90%)	Current Discount Rate (6.90%)	1% Increase (7.90%)
Plan's net pension liability	\$ 54,321,854	\$ 36,567,855	\$ 21,901,639

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, which amounted to \$3,241,932. Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual *Budget Act* for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. No contributions were made for CalPERS for the year ended June 30, 2025. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements.

STRS/PERS Irrevocable Trust

During the 2015-2016 fiscal year, the District established an irrevocable trust with Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS), for the purpose of funding future employer contributions associated with the CalSTRS and CalPERS pension plans. District contribution rates for these plans are expected to rise significantly in the coming years. Funds deposited into this trust are not considered "plan assets" for GASB 68 reporting, and therefore are not netted against the net pension liability shown on the Statement of Net Position. The balance and activity of the trust is recorded in the Statement of Net Position of the District. As of June 30, 2025 the balance of the trust was \$7,255,005.

PARS-ARS (Public Agency Retirement System Alternate Retirement System)

The District contributes to the Public Agency Retirement System Alternate Retirement System (PARS-ARS), a defined contribution retirement plan administered by the District. PARS-ARS employs a corporate Trustee and Trust Administrator who receives and invests contributions to the Plan and manages the assets of the Trust.

Active plan members contribute 3.75% of their salary and the District contributes the equivalent 3.75%. Interest earnings on the plan investments minus administrative costs are credited to the members accounts monthly and accumulate tax-free until withdrawal.

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 12 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS, continued

Tax Deferred Annuity

The District provides a Tax Shelter Annuity Plan for all eligible employees, as defined in the Plan documents. Participants may contribute a portion of their earnings under a 403(b) plan, which has a maximum deferral limit of \$18,000 if under age 50, and \$20,000 if over age 50. The District will not make matching contributions to the Plan on behalf of participants. However, the District absorbs some costs associated with the administration of the Plan.

NOTE 13 – PARTICIPATION IN PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS AND JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES (JPA)

The District is a member of the Statewide Association of Community Colleges and California Schools Employee Benefit Association (CSEBA) Joint Powers Authority JPAs. The District pays annual premiums for its property liability, excess liability, and health coverage. The relationship between the District and the JPAs is such that it is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The District participated in the Protected Insurance Program for Schools and Colleges (PIPS) JPA, an insurance purchasing pool. The District pays annual premiums for its workers' compensation coverage based on its individual rate. The relationship between the District and the JPA is such that it is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, transactions between the JPAs and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

The District's share of year-end assets, liabilities, or fund equity has not been calculated.

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 14 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The District receives financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2025.

Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2025.

Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2025, the District did not have commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects.

NOTE 15 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

During the year ending June 30, 2025, the following adjustments were made to the District's financial statements:

Net Position - Beginning Balance, as previously reported at June 30, 2024	\$	32,566,494
Prior year adjustment - GASB 101		(6,515,437)
Prior year adjustment - District identified adjustments		<u>(384,577)</u>
Net Position - Ending Balance, as restated at June 30, 2024	\$	<u>25,666,480</u>

NOTE 16 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events from June 30, 2025 through January 5, 2026, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. The District concluded that no subsequent events have occurred that would require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/(ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	2025	2024	2023	2022
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$ 560,627	\$ 545,622	\$ 569,412	\$ 545,921
Interest	799,741	796,101	814,051	839,808
Changes of assumptions	-	-	(92,148)	84,167
Differences between expected and actual experience	(245,015)	-	(351,688)	-
Benefit payments	(1,314,323)	(1,259,672)	(1,693,476)	(1,666,386)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(198,970)	82,051	(753,849)	(196,490)
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year	14,047,638	13,965,587	14,719,436	14,915,926
Total OPEB liability, end of year (a)	\$ 13,848,668	\$ 14,047,638	\$ 13,965,587	\$ 14,719,436
Plan fiduciary net position				
Employer contributions	\$ 1,469,779	\$ 1,259,672	\$ 1,693,476	\$ 1,552,338
Net investment income	1,617,188	1,000,829	(2,985,057)	3,059,390
Administrative expense	(104,694)	(100,421)	(109,207)	(105,679)
Benefit payments	(1,469,779)	(1,259,672)	(1,693,476)	(1,552,338)
Change in plan fiduciary net position	1,512,494	900,408	(3,094,264)	2,953,711
Fiduciary trust net position, beginning of year	14,257,215	13,356,807	16,451,071	13,497,360
Fiduciary trust net position, end of year (b)	\$ 15,769,709	\$ 14,257,215	\$ 13,356,807	\$ 16,451,071
Net OPEB liability/(asset), ending (a) - (b)	\$ (1,921,041)	\$ (209,577)	\$ 608,780	\$ (1,731,635)
Covered payroll	\$ 41,252,983	\$ 27,449,068	\$ 26,052,765	\$ 12,766,461
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	113.87%	101.49%	95.64%	111.76%
Net OPEB liability/(asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	-4.66%	-0.76%	2.34%	-13.56%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/(ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$ 808,988	\$ 770,408	\$ 791,576	\$ 635,656
Interest	817,192	791,571	703,163	679,336
Changes of assumptions	(730,236)	122,344	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,097,366	(8,421)	1,473,222	-
Benefit payments	(1,299,453)	(1,207,946)	(1,074,880)	(916,799)
Net change in total OPEB liability	693,857	467,956	1,893,081	398,193
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year	14,222,068	13,754,112	11,861,031	11,462,838
Total OPEB liability, end of year (a)	\$ 14,915,925	\$ 14,222,068	\$ 13,754,112	\$ 11,861,031
Plan fiduciary net position				
Employer contributions	\$ 899,453	\$ 1,207,946	\$ 1,074,880	\$ 1,424,926
Net investment income/(loss)	620,725	653,984	749,679	1,185,907
Administrative expense	(98,917)	(97,685)	(97,163)	(91,701)
Benefit payments	(1,299,453)	(1,207,946)	(1,074,880)	(916,799)
Change in plan fiduciary net position	121,808	556,299	652,516	1,602,333
Fiduciary trust net position, beginning of year	13,375,551	12,819,252	12,166,736	10,564,403
Fiduciary trust net position, end of year (b)	\$ 13,497,359	\$ 13,375,551	\$ 12,819,252	\$ 12,166,736
Net OPEB liability/(asset), ending (a) - (b)	\$ 1,418,566	\$ 846,517	\$ 934,860	\$ (305,705)
Covered payroll	\$ 45,193,637	\$ 43,721,353	\$ 40,991,291	\$ 38,155,231
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	90.49%	94.05%	93.20%	102.58%
Net OPEB liability/(asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	3.14%	1.94%	2.28%	-0.80%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF OPEB INVESTMENT RETURNS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

	Balance June 30, 2025	Balance June 30, 2024	Balance June 30, 2023	Balance June 30, 2022
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	10.61%	6.74%	-18.81%	21.88%

	Balance June 30, 2021	Balance June 30, 2020	Balance June 30, 2019	Balance June 30, 2018
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	4.53%	5.12%	10.77%	10.06%

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)				
	2025 (2024)	2024 (2023)	2023 (2022)	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)
CalSTRS					
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.052%	0.041%	0.040%	0.043%	0.047%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 34,994,168	\$ 31,460,301	\$ 27,980,740	\$ 19,324,095	\$ 45,574,993
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	16,055,691	15,073,787	14,012,836	9,723,337	23,493,914
Total	\$ 51,049,859	\$ 46,534,088	\$ 41,993,576	\$ 29,047,432	\$ 69,068,907
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 39,367,916	\$ 29,240,398	\$ 26,764,338	\$ 26,952,334	\$ 29,157,538
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll	89%	108%	105%	72%	156%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84%	81%	81%	87%	72%

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)				
	2025 (2024)	2024 (2023)	2023 (2022)	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)
CalPERS					
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.102%	0.088%	0.093%	0.103%	0.111%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 36,567,855	\$ 31,845,345	\$ 31,871,428	\$ 20,963,497	\$ 34,162,594
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 22,976,034	\$ 15,229,038	\$ 13,715,238	\$ 14,810,063	\$ 16,036,099
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll	159%	209%	232%	142%	213%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72%	70%	70%	81%	70%

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)				
	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)
CalSTRS					
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.046%	0.045%	0.044%	0.044%	0.052%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 41,269,107	\$ 41,421,042	\$ 40,805,853	\$ 35,228,243	\$ 34,850,800
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	22,515,053	23,715,484	24,140,398	20,054,053	18,432,232
Total	\$ 63,784,160	\$ 65,136,526	\$ 64,946,251	\$ 55,282,296	\$ 53,283,032
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 28,970,534	\$ 27,005,315	\$ 24,923,736	\$ 23,587,493	\$ 26,023,288
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll	142%	153%	164%	149%	134%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73%	71%	69%	70%	74%

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)				
	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)
CalPERS					
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.106%	0.106%	0.104%	0.106%	0.120%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 30,887,450	\$ 28,240,613	\$ 24,774,264	\$ 20,891,295	\$ 17,706,927
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 14,750,819	\$ 13,985,976	\$ 13,231,495	\$ 13,273,327	\$ 13,838,552
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll	209%	202%	187%	157%	128%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70%	71%	72%	74%	79%

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS – PENSIONS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

CaSTRS	Reporting Fiscal Year				
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 7,919,178	\$ 7,519,272	\$ 5,584,916	\$ 4,528,526	\$ 4,352,802
District's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	7,919,178	7,519,272	5,584,916	4,528,526	4,352,802
District's contribution deficiency/(excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 41,461,665	\$ 39,367,916	\$ 29,240,398	\$ 26,764,338	\$ 26,952,334
District's contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	19.10%	19.10%	19.10%	16.92%	16.15%

CaPERS	Reporting Fiscal Year				
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 6,163,294	\$ 6,130,006	\$ 3,863,607	\$ 3,142,161	\$ 3,065,683
District's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	6,163,294	6,130,006	3,863,607	3,142,161	3,065,683
District's contribution deficiency/(excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 22,784,821	\$ 22,976,034	\$ 15,229,038	\$ 13,715,238	\$ 14,810,063
District's contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	27.05%	26.68%	25.37%	22.91%	20.70%

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS – PENSIONS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

CalSTRS	Reporting Fiscal Year				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 4,985,939	\$ 4,716,403	\$ 3,896,867	\$ 3,135,406	\$ 2,530,938
District's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	4,985,939	4,716,403	3,896,867	3,135,406	2,530,938
District's contribution deficiency/(excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 29,157,538	\$ 28,970,534	\$ 27,005,315	\$ 24,923,736	\$ 23,587,493
District's contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	17.10%	16.28%	14.43%	12.58%	10.73%
	Reporting Fiscal Year				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
CalPERS					
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 3,162,479	\$ 2,664,293	\$ 2,172,162	\$ 1,837,590	\$ 1,572,491
District's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	3,162,479	2,664,293	2,172,162	1,837,590	1,572,491
District's contribution deficiency/(excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 16,036,099	\$ 14,750,819	\$ 13,985,976	\$ 13,231,495	\$ 13,273,327
District's contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	19.72%	18.06%	15.53%	13.89%	11.85%

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
JUNE 30, 2025**

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the District's changes in the total OPEB liability, including beginning and ending balances, the Plan's fiduciary net position, and the net OPEB liability/(asset). In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* - There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- *Changes of Assumptions* - There were no changes in assumptions since the previous valuation.

Schedule of OPEB Investment Returns

This schedule presents information on the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investments. In future years, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents ten years of information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the Plans' fiduciary net positions and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* - The required employer contribution rate changed from 26.68% to 27.05% since the previous valuation for CalPERS. There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS.
- *Changes of Assumptions* - Additional factors were considered in the actuarial valuation for CalSTRS namely the payroll growth rate and long-term expected rate of return based on 20 to 30 years geometric average. There were no changes in assumptions since previous valuation for CalPERS.

Schedule of District Contributions – Pensions

This schedule presents ten years of information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
DISTRICT ORGANIZATION
JUNE 30, 2025**

Victor Valley Community College District (the "District") is a public community college operated under the Education Code of the State of California. The District was established by authority of the voters who created the District in 1960. The District began classes in 1961. The present campus was started in 1963 and opened its doors to students in 1965. The District encompasses an area of approximately 2,200 square miles and includes the communities of Adelanto, Apple Valley, Cedar Springs, Helendale, Hesperia, Lucerne Valley, Oro Grande, Phelan, Wrightwood, Los Flores, and Victorville. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District's college is accredited by the Accrediting Commission for Community and Junior Colleges, Western Association of Schools and Colleges, which is one of six regional associations that accredit public and private schools, colleges, and universities in the United States.

GOVERNING BOARD

NAME	OFFICE	TERM EXPIRES
Brandon Wood	President	2026
Jennifer Tarpley	Vice President	2028
Joseph Brady	Clerk	2026
Stephen Tyrrell	Trustee	2026
Dr. Chappelle Griffin	Trustee	2028

ADMINISTRATION

Daniel Walden, Ph.D. <i>Superintendent/President</i>	Todd Scott, Ph.D. <i>Vice President, Instruction</i>
Eric Vreeman <i>Vice President, Administrative Services</i>	McKenzie Tarango, Ed.D. <i>Vice President of Instruction</i>
Monica Martinez <i>Vice President, Human Resources</i>	Mary Gallagher <i>Independent Consultant, Student Services</i>

AUXILIARY ORGANIZATIONS IN GOOD STANDING

AUXILIARY NAME	DIRECTOR'S NAME	ESTABLISHMENT AND MASTER AGREEMENT DATE
Victor Valley College Foundation	Kirsten Acosta, Executive Director	Organized as an auxiliary organization on July 9, 1975 and has a signed master agreement revised on November 15, 2021.

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Grant Number	Total Program Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
<i>Direct Program</i>			
Student Financial Assistance Cluster			
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063	n/a	\$ 39,650,569
Federal Pell Grant Program Administrative Allowance	84.063	n/a	2,532
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant (FSEOG)	84.007	n/a	400,000
FSEOG Administrative Allowance	84.007	n/a	39,794
Federal Work Study (FWS)	84.033	n/a	539,263
Federal Work Study (FWS) Administrative Allowance	84.033	n/a	26,963
Federal Direct Student Loans	84.268	n/a	685,986
Subtotal Student Financial Assistance Cluster			<u>41,345,107</u>
Guided Pathways to Improve Hispanic and Low Income Student Success	84.031S	n/a	695,907
<i>Passed through California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office</i>			
Career and Technical Education Act (CTEA), Title I - Part C	84.048A	24-C01-990	576,369
<i>Passed through California Department of Education</i>			
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA II)	84.002A	V002A240005	50,767
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>42,668,150</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
<i>Passed through California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office</i>			
Fresh Success Employment & Training Activities	10.561	000010104	13,256
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>13,256</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS			
<i>Direct Program</i>			
Veterans Education	64.028	n/a	7,303
Total U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs			<u>7,303</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR			
<i>Direct Program</i>			
BLM Plant Conservation & Restoration Management	15.245	L22AC00393-02	78,385
Total U.S. Department of Interior			<u>78,385</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
<i>Passed through California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office:</i>			
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	(1)	95,192
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			<u>95,192</u>
Total Federal Programs			<u>\$ 42,862,286</u>

(1) - Pass-through entity identifying number not readily available.

n/a - Pass-through entity identifying number not applicable.

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

	Program Revenues				Program Expenditures
	Cash Received	Accounts Receivable (Payable)	Deferred Income	Total Revenue	
AB104 Adult Education Consortium	\$ 2,872,679	\$ -	\$ 209,175	\$ 2,663,504	\$ 2,663,504
Apprenticeship Innovation Funding-Training	46,427	-	46,427	-	-
Basic Needs Centers	585,459	-	491,047	94,412	94,412
CA College Promise Program	1,330,777	-	1,262,624	68,153	68,153
CAI: VVC Registered Nursing Apprenticeship	125,369	113,331	-	238,700	238,700
Cal Grant - Student Aid	3,356,530	(4,452)	-	3,352,078	4,477,490
Calworks	841,178	-	76,654	764,524	764,524
CARE	636,989	-	230,864	406,125	406,125
Child Development - CCTR - Gen Childcare & Dev	450,504	100,977	-	551,481	753,173
Child Development - CDC CSPP - State Pre-school	642,471	-	-	642,471	513,176
Child Development - Child & Adult Care Food Program	71,220	376	-	71,596	71,596
Classified Professional Development	20,512	-	20,512	-	-
College/Career Access Pathways	452	-	-	452	452
Common Course Numbering	913,043	-	894,975	18,068	18,068
CSAC - GSETGP ACA	800	-	-	800	800
Culturally Competent Faculty	35,132	-	35,132	-	-
Culturally Responsive Pedagogy and Practices	215,550	-	174,815	40,735	40,735
Disabled Students Program And Services	1,236,832	-	15,311	1,221,521	1,221,521
ELL Healthcare Pathways	218,729	-	-	218,729	218,729
Equal Employment Opportunity Best Practices	208,333	-	208,333	-	-
Equitable Placement and Completion Grant	500,815	-	374,195	126,620	126,620
Extended Opportunity Program and Services	4,643,693	-	2,439,804	2,203,889	2,203,889
Financial Aid Technology	116,138	-	57,494	58,644	58,644
Full-Time Student Success Grant	6,831,211	-	166,589	6,664,622	6,664,622
Guided Pathways	246,769	-	88,396	158,373	158,373
Homeless Housing- Rapid Rehousing	2,048,129	-	1,491,356	556,773	556,773
LGBTQ+	232,620	-	173,566	59,054	59,054
Lottery	1,882,101	596,173	787,879	1,690,395	1,690,395
Mathematics, Engineering, Science Achievement	1,230,995	-	893,924	337,071	337,071
Mental Health Support	675,128	-	332,677	342,451	342,451
NEXTUP/CAFYES	2,063,967	-	851,374	1,212,593	1,212,593
Nursing Enrollment Growth & Retention	270,133	-	44,956	225,177	225,177
Physical Plant/Instructional Support/Library Materials	61,004	-	53,259	7,745	752,672
Regional Equity and Recovery Partnerships	174,722	-	36,793	137,929	137,929
Retention and Enrollment Outreach	1,153,315	-	238,771	914,544	914,544
Rising Scholars Network	282,162	-	11,639	270,523	270,523
Seamless Transfer of Ethnic Studies	34,695	-	2,019	32,676	32,676
Song-Brown Nursing Grant #4	2,599	-	-	2,599	2,599
Staff Diversity	379,835	-	309,088	70,747	70,747
State COVID Block grant	-	-	-	-	279,456
Strong Workforce - Local Round 9	1,356,289	-	1,205,006	151,283	151,283
Strong Workforce - Local Round 8	1,439,076	-	-	1,439,076	1,439,076
Strong Workforce - Regional Round 8	101,202	608,137	-	709,339	709,339
Strong Workforce - Regional Round 9	-	38,428	-	38,428	38,428
Student Equity and Achievement	5,346,724	-	2,219,566	3,127,158	3,127,158
Student Financial Aid Admin Allowance One-Time	229,269	-	222,391	6,878	6,878
Student Financial Aid Administrative Allowance	729,589	-	48,743	680,846	680,846
Student Food and Housing Support	666,511	-	194,423	472,088	472,088
Student Retention & Enrollment	245,202	-	152,434	92,768	92,768
Student Transfer Achievement Reform	565,217	-	510,485	54,732	54,732
SWP Regional - Employer Engagement Manager	154,042	60,309	-	214,351	214,351
SWP Regional - Round 7 Reallocation	371,347	840,653	-	1,212,000	1,212,000
Systemwide Technology and Data Security	475,000	-	175,000	300,000	300,000
TANF/Child Development Careers Program	1,647	-	1,647	-	-
Technology Model Applications	1,232	-	-	1,232	1,232
UMOJA Campus Programs	161,232	5,561	-	166,793	166,793
Undocumented Resource Liasion	283,658	-	275,570	8,088	8,088
Veterans Resource Center	197,013	-	88,205	108,808	108,808
Veterans Resource Center 2	19,718	-	15,567	4,151	4,151
Zero Textbook Cost Program	597,546	-	482,017	115,529	115,529
Zero Textbook Cost Program-Impact Grant	320,000	-	320,000	-	-
	\$ 49,900,531	\$ 2,359,493	\$ 17,930,702	\$ 34,329,322	\$ 36,551,514

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF WORKLOAD MEASURES FOR STATE GENERAL APPORTIONMENT –
ANNUAL/ACTUAL ATTENDANCE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

CATEGORIES	Reported Data	Audited Data
A. Summer Intersession (Summer 2024 only)		
1. Noncredit	58.23	58.23
2. Credit	764.62	764.62
B. Summer Intersession (Summer 2025 - Prior to July 1, 2025)		
1. Noncredit	9.77	9.77
2. Credit	1,249.13	1,249.13
C. Primary Terms (Exclusive of Summer Intersession)		
1. Census Procedure Courses		
(a) Weekly Census Contact Hours	-	-
(b) Daily Census Contact Hours	-	-
(c) Standardized Census Contact Hours	11,476.20	11,476
2. Actual Hours of Attendance Procedure Courses		
(a) Noncredit	58.08	58.08
(b) Credit	216.57	216.57
3. Alternative Attendance Accounting Procedure Courses		
(a) Weekly Census Contact Hours	-	-
(b) Daily Census Contact Hours	-	-
(c) Noncredit Independent Study/Distance Education Courses	360.24	360.24
D. Total FTES	14,192.84	14,192.64
Supplemental Information (subset of above information)		
E. In-service Training Courses	-	-
F. Basic Skills Courses and Immigrant Education		
1. Credit	27.06	27.06
2. Noncredit	27.10	27.10
Total Basic Skills FTES	54.16	54.16
<u>CCFS 320 Addendum</u>		
CDCP Noncredit FTES	97.57	97.57

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE EDUCATION CODE SECTION 84362 (50 PERCENT LAW) CALCULATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

	Object/ TOP Codes	Activity (ESCA) ECS 84362 A Instructional Salary Cost AC 0100-5900 & AC 6100			Activity (ECSB) ECS 84362 B Total CEE AC 0100-6799		
		Reported Data	Audit Adjustments	Revised Data	Reported Data	Audit Adjustments	Revised Data
<u>Academic Salaries</u>							
Instructional Salaries							
Contract or Regular	1100	\$ 13,122,725	\$ -	\$ 13,122,725	\$ 13,122,725	\$ -	\$ 13,122,725
Other	1300	21,652,556	-	21,652,556	21,652,556	-	21,652,556
Total Instructional Salaries		34,775,281	-	34,775,281	34,775,281	-	34,775,281
Non-Instructional Salaries							
Contract or Regular	1200	-	-	-	6,964,592	-	6,964,592
Other	1400	-	-	-	1,150,154	-	1,150,154
Total Non-Instructional Salaries		-	-	-	8,114,746	-	8,114,746
Total Academic Salaries		34,775,281	-	34,775,281	42,890,027	-	42,890,027
<u>Classified Salaries</u>							
Non-Instructional Salaries							
Regular Status	2100	-	-	-	13,977,668	-	13,977,668
Other	2300	-	-	-	1,244,469	-	1,244,469
Total Non-Instructional Salaries		-	-	-	15,222,137	-	15,222,137
Instructional Aides							
Regular Status	2200	2,126,143	-	2,126,143	2,126,143	-	2,126,143
Other	2400	494,368	-	494,368	494,368	-	494,368
Total Instructional Aides		2,620,511	-	2,620,511	2,620,511	-	2,620,511
Total Classified Salaries		2,620,511	-	2,620,511	17,842,648	-	17,842,648
Employee Benefits	3000	11,951,690	-	11,951,690	24,703,230	-	24,703,230
Supplies and Materials	4000	-	-	-	1,325,877	-	1,325,877
Other Operating Expenses	5000	334,093	-	334,093	12,384,313	-	12,384,313
Equipment Replacement	6420	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures Prior to Exclusions		49,681,575	-	49,681,575	99,146,095	-	99,146,095
<u>Exclusions</u>							
Activities to Exclude							
Inst. Staff-Retirees' Benefits and Incentives	5900	-	-	-	-	-	-
Std. Health Svcs. Above Amount Collected	6441	-	-	-	-	-	-
Student Transportation	6491	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-inst.Staff-Retirees' Benefits and Incentives	6740	-	-	-	-	-	-
Object to Exclude							
Rents and Leases	5060	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lottery Expenditures							
Academic Salaries	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Classified Salaries	2000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Employee Benefits	3000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supplies and Materials	4000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Software	4100	-	-	-	-	-	-
Books, Magazines & Periodicals	4200	-	-	-	-	-	-
Instructional Supplies & Materials	4300	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-inst. Supplies & Materials	4400	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Supplies and Materials		-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Operating Expenses and Services	5000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	6000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Library Books	6300	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment	6400	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment - Additional	6410	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment - Replacement	6420	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Equipment		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Capital Outlay		-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Outgo	7000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Exclusions		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total for ECS 84362, 50% Law		\$ 49,681,575	\$ -	\$ 49,681,575	\$ 99,146,095	\$ -	\$ 99,146,095
Percent of CEE (Instructional Salary Cost/Total CEE)		50.11%	0.00%	50.11%	100.00%	0.00%	100.00%
50% of Current Expense of Education		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 49,573,048	\$ -	\$ 49,573,048

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
 DETAILS OF THE EDUCATION PROTECTION ACCOUNT EXPENDITURES
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

EPA Revenue	\$ 19,899,683
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Activity Classification	Activity Code	Salaries and Benefits	Operating Expenses	Capital Outlay	Total
		(Obj 1000-3000)	(Obj 4000-5000)	(Obj 6000)	
Instructional Activities	0100-5900	\$ 19,899,683	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,899,683
Total		\$ 19,899,683	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,899,683

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

Total Fund Equity - Governmental Funds Included in the Reporting Entity

General Funds	\$	57,401,733	
Bond Interest and Redemption Fund		12,814,386	
Capital Project Funds		30,646,460	
Special Revenue Funds		19,661,579	
Other Student and Trust Funds		528,768	
Internal Service Funds		1,708,919	
Auxiliary fund		935,567	
Student Financial Aid Fund		(1,122,744)	
Other funds		24,678,620	
Total fund balances as reported in the CCFS-311		<u>147,253,288</u>	
OPEB Irrevocable Trust		<u>(17,423,615)</u>	
Total ending fund balances - Governmental Funds	\$		129,829,673
Assets recorded within the statements of net position not included in the District fund financial statements:			
Capital assets	\$	283,724,589	
Accumulated depreciation		(102,274,056)	
Right-to-use assets		14,303,399	
Accumulated amortization		<u>(11,501,731)</u>	184,252,201
Lease Receivable			1,391,337
Unmatured Interest			(2,150,722)
Net OPEB Asset			1,921,041
Deferred outflows recorded within the statement of net position not included in the District fund financial statements:			
Deferred loss on refunding	\$	10,738,762	
Deferred outflows from OPEB		2,883,982	
Deferred outflows from pensions		<u>35,617,356</u>	49,240,100
Liabilities recorded within the statements of net position not recorded in the District fund financial statements:			
General obligation bonds and bond premium	\$	(229,098,606)	
Lease liability		(2,106,592)	
Software lease liability		(1,189,547)	
Compensated absences		(9,344,883)	
Net pension liability		<u>(71,562,023)</u>	(313,301,651)
Deferred inflows recorded within the statement of net position not included in the District fund financial statements:			
Deferred inflows related to leases	\$	(1,254,145)	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		(8,263,862)	
Deferred inflows related to pensions		<u>(831,977)</u>	(10,349,984)
Net Assets Reported Within the Statements of Net Position	\$		<u>40,831,995</u>

VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

District Organization

This schedule provides information about the District's governing board members, administration members, and auxiliary organizations in good standing.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2025. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. When applicable, such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis cost rate.

Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards includes the state grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented to comply with reporting requirements of the California State Chancellor's Office.

Schedule of Workload Measures for State General Apportionment – Annual/Actual Attendance

Full-time equivalent students (FTES) is a measurement of the number of students attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis for making apportionments of State funds to community college districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students based on various methods of accumulating attendance data.

Reconciliation of the *Education Code* Section 84362 (50 Percent Law) Calculation

Education Code Section 84362 requires the District to expend a minimum of 50% of the unrestricted General Fund monies on salaries of classroom instructors. This is reported annually to the State Chancellor's Office. This schedule provides a reconciliation of the amount reported to the State Chancellor's Office and the impact of any audit adjustments and/or corrections noted during the audit.

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
JUNE 30, 2025**

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES, continued

Details of the Education Protection Account Expenditures

This schedule provides information about the District's EPA proceeds and summarizes the expenditures of EPA proceeds.

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

This schedule provides a reconciliation of the adjustments necessary to bring the District's internal fund financial statements, prepared on a modified accrual basis, to the government-wide full accrual basis financial statements required under GASB Statements No. 34 and No. 35 business-type activities reporting model.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON REPORT COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees
Victor Valley Community College District
Victorville, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and fiduciary activities of Victor Valley Community College District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 5, 2026.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CWDL, Certified Public Accountants

San Diego, California
January 5, 2026



**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

Board of Trustees
Victor Valley Community College District
Victorville, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Victor Valley Community College District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2025. The District's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditors' Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as finding 2025-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

The District's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identify a significant deficiency in internal control over compliance which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as finding 2025-001.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



San Diego, California

January 5, 2026



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE FOR STATE PROGRAMS

Board of Trustees
Victor Valley Community College District
Victorville, California

Report on State Compliance

Opinion

We have audited Victor Valley Community College District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements as identified in the 2024-25 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual* for the year ended June 30, 2025. The applicable State compliance requirements are identified in the table below.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the laws and regulations of the state programs noted below that were audited for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the compliance requirements described in the 2024-25 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual*. Our responsibilities under those standards and the compliance requirements are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on state compliance with the compliance requirements subject to audit in the 2024-25 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual*. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's compliance with the requirements described in the 2024-25 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual*.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements listed in the table below has occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the 2024-25 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual* will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements listed in the table below.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the 2024-25 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any material noncompliance with the requirements listed in the table below that we identified during the audit.

Compliance Requirements Tested

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with State laws and regulations applicable to the following:

- Section 411 – SCFF Data Management Control Environment
- Section 412 – SCFF Supplemental Allocation Metrics
- Section 413 – SCFF Success Allocation Metrics
- Section 421 – Salaries of Classroom Instructors (50 Percent Law)
- Section 423 – Apportionment for Activities Funded From Other Sources
- Section 424 – Student Centered Funding Formula Base Allocation: FTES
- Section 425 – Residency Determination for Credit Courses
- Section 426 – Students Actively Enrolled
- Section 427 – Dual Enrollment (CCAP)
- Section 430 – Scheduled Maintenance Program
- Section 431 – Gann Limit Calculation
- Section 444 – Apprenticeship Related and Supplemental Instruction (RSI) Funds
- Section 475 – Disabled Student Programs and Services (DSPS)
- Section 490 – Propositions 1D and 51 State Bond Funded Projects
- Section 491 – Education Protection Account Funds
- Section 492 – Student Representation Fee
- Section 494 – State Fiscal Recovery Fund
- Section 498 – COVID-19 Response Block Grant Expenditures

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention from those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing over state laws and regulations based on the requirements described in 2024-25 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CWDL, Certified Public Accountants

San Diego, California
January 5, 2026

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditors' report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>
Is a going concern emphasis-of-matter paragraph included in the auditors' report?	<u>No</u>
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weaknesses identified?	<u>No</u>
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	<u>None Reported</u>
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	<u>No</u>

FEDERAL AWARDS

Internal control over major programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	<u>No</u>
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	<u>Yes</u>
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	<u>Unmodified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, <i>Uniform Administrative Requirements, Costs Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards</i>	<u>No</u>
Identification of major programs:	

<u>Assistance Listing Numbers</u>	<u>Name of Federal Program of Cluster</u>
84.007, 84.033 84.063, 84.268	Student Financial Assistance Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	<u>\$ 1,285,869</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	<u>No</u>

STATE AWARDS

Internal control over State programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	<u>No</u>
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	<u>None Reported</u>
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for State programs:	<u>Unmodified</u>

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

There were no financial statement findings and recommendations identified during 2024-25.

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

This section identifies the audit findings required to be reported by the Uniform Guidance (e.g., deficiencies, significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance, including questioned costs).

FINDING #2025-001 – SPECIAL TESTS AND PROVISIONS: RETURN OF TITLE IV FUNDS

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Education

Federal Program Title: Student Financial Assistance Cluster

Assistance Listing Number: 84.007, 84.033, 84.063 and 84.268

Award Period: July 1, 2024 to June 30, 2025

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Compliance and Noncompliance

Criteria or Specific Requirement: In accordance with 34 CFR 668.22(j), An institution that is not required to take attendance must determine the withdrawal date for a student who withdraws without providing notification to the institution no later than 30 days after the end of the earlier of the (1) payment period or period of enrollment, (2) academic year in which the student withdrew, or (3) educational program from which the student withdrew.

Condition / Context: During our audit procedures, we noted that 20 out of 25 selections had forms that were completed after the end of the fall term, outside of the 30-day limit. Additionally, all forms appeared to have used the same drop date, regardless of the student's actual drop date determination.

Questioned Costs: None.

Cause: Inadequate controls over the R2T4 process, resulting from turnover in the financial aid office.

Effect: A lack of internal controls can result in noncompliance with provisions of the various programs within the Student Financial Assistance Cluster.

Repeat Finding: No.

Recommendation: We recommend the Colleges reinforce their review processes related to student drops and review all activity level controls to ensure compliance with the various requirements of the Student Financial Assistance Cluster. Additionally, when there is turnover, there should be adequate training within the department to ensure that another member of the team is available to meet the applicable compliance requirements.

Corrective Action Plan: The delay occurred because the responsibility for processing was temporarily reassigned to another employee who had not yet received full training on the procedure. The task has been reassigned to the original staff member who has extensive experience with R2T4 processing. In addition, the Financial Aid Office will cross train multiple Financial Aid Specialist on the processing and tracking of R2T4 to ensure compliance and remove any delays in processing. All calculations are now being completed in compliance with federal regulations, and we have implemented measures to ensure timely processing moving forward.

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

This section identifies the audit findings pertaining to noncompliance with state program rules and regulations.

There were no state award findings and questioned costs identified during 2024-25.

**VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT
SUMMARY OF SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

This section presents findings and questioned costs identified in prior year audit related to financial statements, federal awards and state awards compliance

FINDING #2024 – 001: Financial Reporting Closing Process

Type of Finding: Material Weakness in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Criteria: Internal Controls should be in place to provide reasonable assurance that financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Management is responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls to ensure that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Such internal controls should include a review of all adjusting journal entries, reclassifying journal entries, and conversion entries used in the preparation of the District's financial statements. Additionally, the District should ensure that all applicable accounting principles are adhered to when preparing the financial statements

Condition / Context: We noted errors were made within the reconciliation processes of the District's financial records. As of year-end, material adjustments were required to conform to the Budget and Accounting Manual (BAM) and GAAP. Adjustments were made to various Cash and Investment accounts as well as revenues.

Effect: The errors resulted in significant misstatements that were corrected by the auditors and booked by management. This situation reflects a material weakness in internal control and increases the risk of financial reporting errors in the future.

Cause: Turnover in the business office has caused a breakdown in internal controls. The controls did not detect the necessary adjustments. As a result, the adjustments were made as part of the audit to ensure accurate financial reporting.

Recommendation: It is recommended for the District to establish a regular reconciliation and review process to detect and correct misstatements prior to the audit; develop and implement procedures to ensure all significant adjustments are recorded during the financial reporting process, with appropriate review by qualified personnel; enhance training for staff involved in financial reporting to improve understanding of GAAP requirements, particularly related to accruals and fair value adjustments; and establish a regular reconciliation and review process to detect and correct misstatements prior to the audit. Documentation may include policy manuals, process models, flowcharts, job descriptions, documents, and forms, and can be in paper form, electronic files, or other media. In addition, the documentation can be used in reinforcing established policies and procedures, evaluating performance, or training a new employee to perform the process.

Management Response: For the Fair Market Value year end journal entry a template was provided by the auditing firm. It has a percentage indicated and it was assumed that this was the San Bernardino County Office of Education (COE) rate. It was later discovered that this was not the case. As a corrective action, the District will ensure that it verifies the rate with the COE.

Current Status: Implemented.